THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

Democratic Weekly Newspaper; Devoted to Politics, News, Literature, Home Interests and General Information.

HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE.

VOLUME 1. EBENSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, JUNE 6, 1867. NUMBER 19.

ETTYSBURG ASYLUM
FOR INVALID SOLDIERS.
rporated by Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, March 6, 1867.

he Board of Supervisors appointed by above Corporation to carry out the ob- of the act of incorporation, respectfully nounce to the public that the Legislature Pennsylvania has authorized the raising nds for the erection, establishment and ntinance of an Asylum for Invalid Sol- of the late war, to be built on the bat- eld of Gettysburg, and as inducement to otic citizens to contribute to this benev- object, have empowered the Corpora- to distribute amongst the subscribers articles of value and interest, from as- ion with the late war, or any moneys, , property or estate, real or personal, ever, in the State or elsewhere, at such or upon such terms, and in such way manner whatsoever, as to them shall fit, any laws of this Commonwealth to ontrary notwithstanding.

e enterprise is cordially recommended e following named well-known gentle-

Governor Andrew G. Curtin,
jor General George H. Meade,
jor General Galusha Pennypacker,
jor General E. M. Gregory,
jor General John R. Brooke,
jor General Charles H. T. Collis,
jor General Henry J. Madill,
jor General James L. Selfridge,
gadier General James A. Beaver,
gadier General Horatio G. Sickles,
gadier General Joseph F. Knipe,
gadier General William J. Rolton,
gadier General Samuel Zulick,
gadier General John K. Murphy,
gadier General John F. Ballier,
gadier General T. F. McCoy,
gadier General R. E. Winslow,
gadier General Henry Pleasants,
gadier General J. P. S. Gobin,
gadier General J. M. Campbell
gadier General Thomas Walker,
gadier General W. Cooper Tally,
gadier General D. M. M. Gregg,
nel F. Stambaugh.

e site for the institution (thirty acres) eady been purchased, and it is hoped the good work may commence before mmer,

scriptions will be received at the office Association, No. 1126 Chestnut street, lelphia, on and after Monday, the 6th May, 1867:

each subscription of five dollars a cate will be issued which will entitle lder to such article of value as may be ed to its number.

first distribution of awards will be immediately upon the receipt of 80,- subscriptions of $5 each.

distribution will be public, and under rect supervision of the Corporation.

ons at a distance are requested to re- their subscriptions (when practicable) ost office money order, or registered let- to insure prompt delivery. Direct all s to

J. D. HOFFMAN,
Secretary Board of Supervisors,
Box 1481, P. O., Philadelphia.

e following is a schedule of awards to de under the first distribution. The of Diamonds and other precious stones purchased from citizens of the South g the war, and their genuineness is ed to by Henle & Bros., the most ex- e diamond importers in the country, y J. Hermann, diamond setter, New

51	1 Lady's Diam'd set Watch	400
52	1 Diam'd single stone Ring	350
53	1 Diam'd and Opal Cluster Ring,	250
54	1 Diam'd single stone Ring	200
55	1 Pair Emerald Scarf Pins,	200
56	1 Diam'd single stone Ring	150
57	1 Diam'd Cluster Pin,	100
58	1 Cameo and Pearl Brooch and Ear Rings,	100
59 to 158	100 Awards 10–40 Gov'nt Bonds, each	100
159 to 258	100 Awards Government Legal Tenders, each	50
	3,000 Awards Government Bonds, each	5

The distribution of the above awards will be made in public just as soon as the subscription is full, of which due notice will be given through the papers. On and after May 6th, the diamonds will be on exhibition at the office of the Association. The public can confidently rely on everything being conducted in the most honorable manner. All the awards will be handed to certificate holders, immediately after the distribution, free of all cost, at the office of the Company, No. 1126 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

CERTIFICATE.

We hereby certify that we have examined the Diamond Goods, Pearls, Emeralds, Rubies, and other precious Stones, as described in the above list, and find them all genuine.
HENLE & BRO'S, Diamond Importers,
24 Maiden Lane, New York.
J. HERMANN, Diamond Setter,
394 Broome Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED.

Books can be had containing Twenty Certificates, *One Hundred Dollars*. All orders for Certificates must be addressed to
J. D. HOFFMAN, Secretary,
Box 1481, Post Office, Phila.
May 16, 1867.–6t.

HARTFORD
LIVE STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY.

CASH CAPITAL $500,000.

We are now prepared to insure LIVE STOCK against both *Death* and *Theft*, in this live and reliable Company. Owners of stock have now the opportunity, by insuring with this Company, of obtaining security and remuneration for the loss of their animals in case of DEATH or theft.

OWNERS OF HORSES,

Manufacturers, Farmers, Teamsters, Expressmen, Physicians, and in fact all who are to any extent dependant upon the services of their horses in their daily vocations, should insure in this Company, and thus derive a protection against the loss of their animals, which are in many cases the sole means of support to their owners.

FARM STOCK.

Farmers and others owning cattle should avail themselves of this means of saving the value of their stock, and secure an equivalent for the loss which would otherwise fall heavily upon them in being deprived of their Cattle, by insuring in this, the

PIONEER COMPANY OF AMERICA!

By insuring in this Company you exchange a certainty for an uncertainty. No man can tell whether his animals may not be stolen or die through some unforseen calamity.

☞ *Competent Agents wanted, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.* Apply to
KERR & CO., General Agents,
April 4, 1867.-1y. Altoona, Pa.

☞ Col. WM. K. PIPER, Ebensburg, has been appointed local agent for the Hartford Live Stock Insurance Company.

PRIVATE SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale two valuable tracts of TIMBER LAND, situate in Jackson township, Cambria county, and known as the "Lloyd Property." ALSO—Four other valuable tracts of LAND, situate in Cambria and Jackson townships, and known as the "Pensacola Property." ALSO—TWO FARMS adjoining the borough of Ebensburg —one containing about 100 acres; the other about 150 acres. The buildings are all in good repair, with never-failing springs of water near the houses.

☞ Persons wishing to purchase or sell Farms or Timber Lands, will do well by calling on me before buying or offering them for sale. F. A. SHOEMAKER,
ap.11.tf. Att'y at Law, Ebensburg.

LETTERS TESTAMENTARY having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Edward Shoemaker, late of Ebensburg, Cambria county, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to the subscribers at the office of F. A. Shoemaker, Ebensburg, Pa.
MARY SHOEMAKER, } Executrix.
ELLEN J. MURRAY, }
☞ All persons indebted to the late firm of E. Shoemaker & Sons are requested to call and settle their accounts.
H. A. SHOEMAKER & CO.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. D. W. Zeigler, having opened an office in rooms over R. R. Thomas' Store, offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. ap.18.3m.

R. DEVEREAUX, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, *Summit, Pa.*—Office east end of Mansion House, on Rail Road street. Night calls may be made at the office. [my23.tf.]

The Poet's Department.

WHAT DARBY-DOYLE WOULD DO.

I heard a moonstruck chap the other day (writes Darby Doyle) remark that he loved a certain young lady well enough to die for her. Now, I love somebody very much, and—

I'd swear for her,
I'd tear for her,
The Lord knows what I'd bear for her;
I'd lie for her,
I'd sigh for her,
I'd drink Rock river dry for her;
I'd pray for her,
I'd stay for her,
I'd watch the house all day for her;
I'd "cuss" for her,
Do "wuss" for her,
I'd always have a "buss" for her;
I'd heap for her,
I'd weep for her,
I'd go without my sleep for her;
I'd fight for her,
I'd bite for her,
I'd walk the street all night for her;
I'd plead for her,
I'd bleed for her,
I'd do without my "feed" for her;
I'd shoot for her,
I'd "boot" for her
A rival who'd come to "toot" for her;
I'd kneel for her,
I'd steal for her,
Such is the love I feel for her;
I'd slide for her,
I'd ride for her,
I'd swim 'gainst wind and tide for her;
I'd try for her,
I'd cry for her,
But—hang me if I'd die for her!
N. B.—Or any other woman.

Tales, Sketches, Anecdotes, &c.

THE FIRST SISTER OF MERCY.

BY JAMES PARTON.

Catherine Elizabeth McAuley was born in 1787, near Dublin. Her father was a man of small independent fortune and the descendent of a long line of Catholic ancestors. Though he died when his daughter Catherine was only seven years of age one custom of his made an indellible impression on her mind. It was his habit on Sundays and holidays to collect the poor of his neighborhood and give them instruction in the reqsirements of their religion. Her mother, it appears, was a woman of fashion, who was far from approving her husband's Sunday schools.

"How is this, sir?" she would say, when she saw the swarm of ragged pupils approaching. "Must my house become a receptacle for every beggar and cripple in the country? It is certainly very unsuitable for a gentleman in your position to continue these absurdities. I don't know how you can enjoy yourself with these low, ignorant creatures."

The little Catherine listened every week to these altercations, and, though fondly attached to her mother, always sided in her heart with her father. Four years after her father's death, when Catherine was 11 years of age, her mother also died. Her death-bed, we are told, was terrible, and she died in all the agonies of remorse. The scene, we are informed, impressed the mind of the young girl all the more from the contrast it afforded to the joy and tranquility of her father's death, and it was one of the most powerful incentives to her future life of piety and benevolence. The death of her mother left her a poor orphan; for the estate which her father left had been mismanaged and lost through her mother's inexperience and profusion. She was taken home by a relative, who afterwards became so poor that she frequently suffered from want of food.

At sixteen she was one of the most beautiful girls in Ireland. She was beautiful at all periods of her life. Her form was erect and symmetrical, and her noble countenance beamed with intelligence and benevolence. Her portrait, taken late in life, shows her to have been a most comely and grand-looking woman; and I can well believe that, in her youth, she must have been splendidly beautiful. Her hand was sought in marriage by many admirers, but neither then or at any future time did she show any inclination to matrimony.

While she was living in these narrow circumstances at the house of her relative, who was a surgeon, there came to live in the village a gentleman, with his wife, who had made a large fortune in the East Indies. They bought a handsome house near by, and soon became acquainted with the family with whom Catherine lived. In the course of a few months they became so attached to this interesting girl, that their chief happiness seemed to be in her society, and they finally offered to adopt her as their daughter and heiress. The offer was accepted, and she was soon established as an inmate in a sumptuous and elegant abode. As she grew in years her attention was drawn more and more to the deplorable condition of the poor. Ireland swarms with the poor; and the wonder is, not that Catherine McAuley should have devoted her life to their relief, but that any wealthy person in the country should sit down to enjoy life amid such scenes, content to witness misery without making an effort to relieve it.

Visiting one of the parish schools of Dublin, she noticed with pain that many of the pupils were insufficiently clad. Instead of giving them clothes, which she might easily have done, she rendered them a better service by going to the school and teaching the girls to sew. Many of them were soon able, not only to make and mend their own clothing, but to do plain and fancy knitting, the sale of which was a benefit to their parents. She established, also, a repository in one of the schoolrooms for the sale of the articles made by girls, and induced her friends to come and purchase them. When she had established this system in one school and saw all its pupils well clad, she introduced it into others, and was thus a great benefactor to the poor of Dublin.

Her attention was also powerfully called to the case of poor girls who need protection against the danger to which poverty and beauty expose them; and she long cherished the project of establishing a home for such—a kind of benevolent intelligence office, in which they could be sheltered until respectable employment could be obtained for them. Her adopted father asked her one day what she intended to do after his death.

"I think," said she, "I shall take a small house, and support a few poor women, whom I could instruct and teach to work."

"How much do you think," he asked, "would support such an establishment?"

"I think," she replied, after a little reflection, "the interest of a thousand pounds would be quite sufficient."

"Catherine," said he, "your desires are very moderate; but if ever you possess wealth you will do good with it."

Not long after this conversation her adopted parents died; and she found herself the sole heiress of all their wealth. It consisted of an annuity of six hundred pounds a year, thirty thousand pounds in money, the mansion in which she lived, several policies of life insurance, and a considerable quantity of jewels and plate: a fortune equivalent to more than half a million dollars of our present currency. She was then thirty-five years of age.

The sudden acquisition of wealth is one of the severest trials to which poor human virtue can be subjected. Catherine McAuley bore this trial nobly. She dressed more plainly than before, and was more assiduous than ever in her labors for the relief and instruction of the poor around her. Unsatisfied with these comparatively desultory efforts, she now determined to carry out her early dream of founding an institution in which poor children could be taught to read and sew, and in which servants and other women of good character might, when out of employment, find a temporary home. Aided by the advice of an excellent priest, she purchased the necessary ground for £5,000 sterling, and employed an architect to construct the desired edifice. She told the architect that she wanted three or four large rooms for poor schools; four large sleeping rooms for poor young women; one long and lofty apartment for a chapel; and a few small rooms for any ladies who might wish to aid her in taking care of the poor. In due time the building was finished. She sold her handsome abode, dismissed her carriage and servants, and went to reside in the institution she had founded.

The first inmate painfully illustrated the need of such an institution. Visiting the sick one day in a poor lane, she saw a little ragged child crying bitterly. Its parents, she learned upon inquiry, had just died in a cellar, and the landlord had thrust the child into the streets to make way for some new comers to whom he had rented it. Miss McAuley took the child in her arms, in all its rags and filth, and carried it home as the first of her orphans.

It had never been her intention to found a convent, still less a new Order of religious Sisters. The institution seemed, however, to take that form by a kind of necessity. The ladies who came to assist her in teaching the children and in caring for her poor women, fell into the habit, first, of taking a plain meal in the institution as a matter of convenience. Some of them necessarily slept there; and as they were all devoted Catholics, their life within the institution gradually arranged itself after the manner of convents. In a short time, through the agency of her Archbishop, the Pope gave the institution his especial sanction, and established a new order of nuns called the Sisters of Mercy. The ladies assumed a nun-like dress, made the usual vows of chastity and poverty, and gave themselves up for life to the holy work of soiacing the miserable and instructing the ignorant.

Various circumstances contributed to give immediate celebrity and success to her institution. The spectacle of a lady of rank, wealth and beauty renouncing the pleasures of the world and dedicating her existence to the poor and miserable, is one which always captivates the imagination. Daniel O'Connell, too, who was then in the zenith of his renown, became acquainted with the new Order, and pronounced some fine eulogiums upon it in his public addresses. When the Order was but five years old, the first cholera broke out in Ireland. Never has there been a more terrible scourge. For a considerable time the deaths in Dublin averaged six hundred a day, and the whole city was in consternation. Such was the terror of the people at the awful mortality in the hospitals, that they conceived the impression that the doctors were murdering the people, and large numbers refused to allow their sick to be treated by them.

Then it was that the Sisters of Mercy exhibited the most sublime and heroic benevolence. They did not visit the hospitals; *they lived in them.* Some of them remained in the hospitals for months at a time, and they never discontinued their exertions as long as there was a patient to be benefited by them. It is a remarkable fact that not one of the Sisters of Mercy took the disease, although when, some years after, Ireland was desolated by the famine fever, many of them perished.

Catherine McAuley lived fifty-four years. Toward the end of her long sickness, her joy, it is said, became rapture; and, when one of her friends asked her if she felt any of that fear of death which she had once experienced, she said:

"If I had thought death could be so sweet, I never should have feared it!"

This remarkable woman was in the habit, toward the close of her life, of whipping herself as a mortification for her sins. On the day before she died she gave her whip to one of the sisters, while it was still wet with her blood, and ordered her to put it into the fire and see that it was burned. On the same day, she gave to another sister a parcel carefully tied up which contained her shoes, which she had also converted into means of torture. Her amiable and gifted biographer tells us that, when life was extinct, her shoulders were found to be scarred and her feet lacerated.

Her mortifications of this kind were a secret known only to herself, and she always discouraged penances which lowered the tone of the bodily health and incapaciated the sisters for endurance. During the hours of recreation, she was one of the merriest of the merry—she would sing a lively song, tell a funny story, and relate her early experiences in the world to the delight of all who heard her, and she would write merry letters, in rhyme, to the sisters in other convents.

STRANGE FREAK OF NATURE.—There were in this city not long since three children, all of whom were joined together at the hands. One hand on each of the right and left figures was perfectly formed as far as the finger joints, where they united with those of the central figure—the hands of the three being thus firmly clasped together. The central figure had no fingers, the end of the arm resembling a ball when clasped by the hands of his two companions. The arms of the trio were boneless from the shoulder to the finger ends, and could be bent or twisted into any conceivable shape. The limbs from the knees down were also boneless. At the knees there is said to have been a large protuberance, as if nature had intended them to act as substitutes for the boneless leg and useless feet. They are entirely blind, the whole surface of the eye-ball being of a deathly white color, and contained no pupil. Their heads and bodies were perfectly formed, and the organizations and functions appeared perfect in each. They were visited by a number of persons, among which was our informant, who says they were still-born, and vouches for the assertion. There was, we understand, no medical examination of the case, which is to be greatly regretted. The parents have left the city, taking with them the remains of the children.—*Sunbury Register.*

THE hunting party that is going to visit the Rocky Mountains this summer wouldn't let Ben Butler go along, fearing that when they would get high up among the clouds he might *pocket* the silver lining.

A CROWING "HEN."

A Richmond (Va.) paper says: There is in this city a young married woman, who is very strongly afflicted with a mania for imitating the crowing of the morning cock, while in a state of somnolence. We are assured that at the hour appointed by Nature for chanticleer to frighten away the midnight prowlers from yawning graveyards, the fortunate husband of the crowing wife, on the first night of his marriage, was roused from his slumbers by a most lusty crowing. On opening his eyes, what was his astonishment to behold his better-half seated in the middle of the connubial couch of conjugal bliss, flapping her wings and crowing in a most loud and clear voice, stretching out her neck after the most approved rooster fashion. Thrice did she thus "herald in the morn," and then sank back and slept on. In the morning he spoke to her about it, and was not more surprised than amused to learn that she had been born in the country, and that a favorite Shanghai which roosted with his feathered family in the hen-coop, near the window of the maternal bed-chamber, frightened her mother by his loud crowing, and thus the child was "marked." And ever since—yes, even a babe lying in the cradle—she has been wont to wake the echoes of the coming dawn by imitating "ye rooster"—and still, each morn she "flaps her wings and crows." As the business of the husband requires him to rise very early, he is rather pleased than otherwise to find his wife possessed of this additional accomplishment, which dispenses with the necessity of an alarm clock, though having heard his grandmother say that the "crowing of a hen indicated ill-luck, unless her head was immediately cut off," he is in some doubt, whether, in order to insure good fortune to his household, he is in duty bound to stop his wife's crowing by severing her musical throat. We advise him to let his "hen" alone so long as she does not peck him. Some persons may question the truth of this remarkable incident, but we can assure such that it is true in every particular, and can be vouched for by responsible parties who have known the lady from infancy; and the moral of it is, that ladies who do not desire "crowing" children should not sleep too near the hen-coop.

SHOT THROUGH A PLANK.

A Scotch paper, the Haddington *Courier*, has an extraordinary story of the escape of a miner who fell down the shaft of a coal pit, near Tranent. An old shaft was made use of to open up a communication with a new pit recently sunk. About half way down the shaft, which was two hundred and seventy-six feet deep, a wooden staging, composed of strong two-inch planks, was built, completely intersecting the down shaft, to afford a firm footing to the miners entering the side shaft. At the bottom of the down shaft was a considerable accumulation of water, as is usual in pits which have not been worked for some time. On the occasion in question, a young man named Mylne, rather than wait for the comparatively tedious process of being lowered down by the windlass, said he would slide down the rope. Disregarding the advice of his companions, he got upon the rope, and they were in another moment horrified to see that he had lost hold of it.

The crash of his body against the wooden staging was heard, and they were making preparations to descend for the mangled remains, when a cry for the assistance was heard coming up from the very bottom of the pit. The rapidity of his descent of 170 feet had propelled him through the two inch boards as neatly as if his body had been a rifle bullet, and with about as little injury, for not a bone was broken, and, except a small scratch on his chin, his person did not bear the slightest mark of coming in contact with anything during the descent. Falling into the water at the bottom, he had, on coming to the surface, providentially thrown his arms over some wooden frame work which happened to be there and had thus been saved. The man was found here and was conveyed home quite conscious, and under medical care was soon able to go out of doors.

The story has certainly the appearance of a fable, yet if it is possible to shoot a candle through a two-inch board, why cannot a man be shot through a two-inch plank? The narrative is at least amusing, and anybody who chooses can have the liberty of doubting that it is well authenticated.—*Boston Advertiser.*

BY doing good with his money a man stamps, as it were, the image of God upon it, and it passes current in obtaining for him an abundant share in the felicities of Heaven.

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.:

THURSDAY, : : : JUNE 6, 1867.

R. L. JOHNSTON, - - - EDITOR.
H. A. McPIKE, - - - - PUBLISHER.

VIVE LA HUMBUG!

After all the radical talk about hanging Jeff Davis "on a sour apple tree," the same radicals have discharged him. Reader, do you doubt how this thing was done? If so, read and reflect.

Two departments of the government at Washington are in the hands of the radicals—the Supreme Court and Congress. The remaining branch—the Executive—is conservative. The Executive department secured the person of Jeff Davis and confined him in Fortress Monroe. President Johnson had no further power in the premises, excepting to pardon him, which he refused to do. The Radical Supreme Court had declared military trials at an end, and the radical Chief Justice Chase, whose district embraced Richmond, refused to try the prisoner, and the radical circuit judge, Underwood, finally discharged him, the radical Horace Greeley becoming his bondsman. This, too, after packing a radical jury, a proportion of them negroes.

The radicals may now say, to shield their Chases and their Underwoods, that the Courts had no power to convict. What then becomes of their useless clamor about "hanging the traitor?" Let them reconcile the conduct of their judges with their professions, if they can. But if the Courts had no power to convict, why did not the radical Rump Congress give them power? It won't do for them to say the Constitution forbade it, for they have paid but little regard to the Constitution in their legislation upon any subject. Indeed, the whole thing *looks* as if Jeff. Davis, having furnished the radicals with an excuse to dissolve the Union, is now to be rewarded with his liberty as a boon for doing at one end of the line what they were doing at the other.

We hold, with Wilkes, that "The worst use you can make of a man is to hang him," and, further, that the rebellion being ended, all further destruction of human life is not only impolitic but unchristian; but we confess we were not prepared to see the radicals change their tactics at once and permit the "red handed rebel" to go "unwhipped of justice."

We are heartily glad the farce is ended. The idea of imprisoning a citizen, no matter what the character of the charge against him, for a number of years, and denying him a trial, is at war with the institutions of a free country, and we are glad that the history of our country is relieved from any further disgrace by the enlargement of the prisoner.

LAWLESS LAWMAKING.

Our Radical Legislature, at its late session, undertook to treat Schuylkill county, as the Rump Congress has been treating the Southern States. It passed an *act* (we shall not call it a law) ousting the Courts of that county, regularly chosen by the people, of all criminal jurisdiction, and instituting a new Criminal Court, the Judge to be appointed first by the Governor, and afterwards elected by the radicals of the adjoining counties.

Governor Geary was either knave or ass enough to sign this bill, and compel the people of Schuylkill, at much expense, to appeal to the Supreme Court for protection. That Court, a majority of which is radical, *unanimously* declared the act unconstitutional.

The Democrats in the Legislature earnestly opposed this act when before that body, but the radicals forced it through. It is fortunate that there are even radical Judges willing to arrest these revolutionary proceedings. But we appeal to the sovereign people how long our institutions will bear up under radical legislation, unless their "sober, second thought" hurl them from positions in which mischief may be done.

THE BANKRUPT LAW.—This emanation of the Rump Congress went into effect the first of the present month. We predict that it will prove obnoxious to the masses, and, like former bankrupt laws, will be repealed. Mr. Leidy, an intelligent radical from one of the rural districts, is opposed to the law, and from data in his possession assures us that the "Bankrupt Law" and the "Seventeen Year Locusts" always appear about the same time, and that neither ever last over a year!

THE Lewistown *Gazette* denies that Greeley and Botts are the radical leaders. No! Greeley's the head and Botts the tail of that interesting party. The *Gazette* pronounces "education, intelligence and convictions of *right*" the leaders of radicalism. As to the first two we have never seen them in "that connection," but have known many radicals under "conviction," and convicted "of right," to.

FORNEY's title should be changed from dead duck to live gobbler. He gobbled up, it is said, $200,000 out of the franchise of the Baltimore and Potomac Rail Road Co.

EDITORIALITIES.

PAY-TRIOTIC.—The Radicals of Armstrong county have nine candidates for Sheriff and seven for Treasurer.

THE temperance folks and saloon keepers had a fight at the Huntingdon Court last week. The saloon keepers won.

A HORSE FANCIER in this neighborhood keeps his bridle and saddle in his bed room. He calls it his *bridle* chamber.

LIBERAL.—Westmoreland county has contributed nearly $1,000 to the relief of the South. How much has Cambria given?

LICENSING CRIME.—Theodore Tilton, editor of the *Independent*, a religious paper, is in favor of licensing houses of prostitution.

CAPT. G. N. SMITH has obtained a lucrative position in the Custom House in Philadelphia. We congratulate him on his good luck.

REV. DAVID HARRISON, formerly of Ebensburg, has been installed as pastor of the Presbyterian church at Salem, Westmoreland county.

APPLES.—The prospect of an abundant crop of apples was never so good in Cambria county "within the recollection of the oldest inhabitant."

LIBERAL.—Bishop Wood, of Philadelphia, on the eve of his departure for Rome, donated $500 in aid of the famine stricken people of the South.

PAGES.—The Vermont radicals have nominated John B. Page for Governor and John A. Page for Treasurer. As two *pages* make one *leaf* we hope the Green Mountain State will turn over a new one.

WM. H. WILEY, at one time a citizen of Cambria county, has been confirmed as Collector of Revenue for Lancaster county. Stevens fought him to the last, but Cameron was too *wily* a politician for old Thad.

POOR.—Juniata county is compelled to sell her poor house and farm, as well as the personal property connected therewith, to liquidate her indebtedness. All goes into the hands of the County Commissioners.

CHAIRMAN.—At the Social Brass Band festival in Hollidaysburg friend Traugh *took the chair!* A deserved compliment to a worthy man, a sterling democrat and a live editor. Long may he live to occupy it.

PICTORIAL.—Five hundred agents are advertised for to sell a portrait of Thad. Stevens. It would make a nice radical parlor ornament, especially if accompanied by his "bosom companion." What does Mrs. Smith say?

SHORT PLEADINGS.—We have the proceedings of the late Court held in Meigs county, Ohio, in which many of the criminal cases are marked "Nollied." This, in an old fogy State like Pennsylvania, would be marked "Nolle prosequi entered."

BOTH ALIKE.—The unrepentant traitors of the South refuse to employ any black man who avows himself a republican.—*Press*. And the unrepentant radicals of Connecticut refused to employ any *white* man who voted the Democratic ticket in that State.

AMONG other mistakes, or worse, of the late Legislature was giving members extra pay for praying. Several preachers are now out rampant for seats in the Legislature, on the precedent set them of getting $1000 for making bad laws and $300 extra for bad praying.

CONSISTENCY.—During the winter Gov. Geary established printed rules on the subject of pardons, and asserted that he would not deviate from them. The other day he pardoned a convict, in violation of his own rules, because he was a radical. Courts and juries might as well suspend when radicalism reigns.

MANY papers have stated that the fees of Jurors were increased by the last Legislature. They were not. On the contrary, that body, in keeping with its grand moral ideas, took some pains to dispense with juries in certain cases. God knows when we will know what that corrupt body did, or how they did it.

PREVIOUS PARDON.—Daniel Tarr was convicted before Judge Buffington, in Westmoreland county, for refusing a vote from a legally qualified voter. Gov. Geary pardoned him *before sentence*, and the Johnstown *Tribune*, we are sorry to say, applauds the act. Friend Swank seems to be "*Tarred* with the same stick."

THE best cure for hard times is to cheat the doctor by being temperate; the lawyer by keeping out of debt; the demagogue by voting for honest men, and poverty by being industrious and saving your money by buying all you need at the cheap cash store of James M. Thompson, on High street—especially the latter. Try Jim first, though.

WHITBEY & Co.'s SHOW.—From all points at which this mammoth show has been exhibited comes the glad tidings that it is one of the best and most entertaining that has ever travelled the country. To see the Baby Elephant, which is the smallest ever exhibited on this continent, is alone worth the price of admission. Don't forget next Monday and the great consolidated show.

ENLARGED.—The Lewistown *Gazette*, evidently impressed with the justice of our remarks about so small a paper undertaking so herculean a task as the defence of the late Legislature, has recently been enlarged from a six to a seven column paged paper. No use, Mr. *Gazette;* if your pages were as broad and as long as the mantel of charity itself it could not cover up the iniquities of that infamous body.

THE Evansville (Indiana) *Sentinel-on-the-Border* is one of our very best exchanges. It displays an amount of talent, raciness and *fearlessness* that should secure it the support of the Western Democracy. The weekly, just issued, furnishes more sound political reading than any paper on our list, while every column sparkles with wit and humor of the "first water." It is a powerful auxiliary in the political revolution now sweeping the Hoosier State.

THE SCRIPTURE FULFILLED.—"Upon thy belly shalt thou go, and dust shalt thou eat all the days of thy life."—*Genesis*, III., 4.

At Mobile, Bill Kelly
Fell flat on his belly.
To render the prophecy true:
And through all his career
Doth the serpent appear,
For he's still been a dirt eater too.

DO IT.—During the present and coming week many of the citizens of the county will visit Ebensburg, and to all such we would say, it will do them no harm and may be a source of profit to them to visit the cheap mercantile emporium of Mills & Davis, on High street. This firm has a stock second to no other in the town, and as they desire to build up a trade for themselves, they are disposing of their merchandize at the very lowest figures.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK.—The June number of this admirable periodical has been on our table for several days, and we have scanned its contents thoroughly. It is an invaluable treasure to every family of ladies, whether young or old. No soft moonshine stories fill its pages, but substantial practical information of the greatest value to every lady who is, or ever expects to be, at the head of a family. Furnished to subscribers at $3 per year. Address L. A. Godey, Philadelphia.

HOW TO DECIDE.—The Reading, Oil City, Pittsburgh, Kittanning and Greensburg editors are quarreling about the beauty of the ladies in their respective localities. Suppose, gentlemen, you leave it to *men*—let them *sit* at Ebensburg—and if they cannot decide the question they can do better by compromising, and deciding that in loveliness of feature, in purity of complexion, in gracefulness of physique, in elasticity of step, as well as in joyousness of spirits and purity of mind, they must all yield to the superior attributes of our mountain beauties.

UNFAIR.—The new anti-liquor law preventing the opening of the bars till sunrise gives Ebensburg topers two hours advantage of the same class in Johnstown, as the sun appears that much earlier at the county seat. The word "sunrise" in a law of the kind is a queer idea at best, and perhaps a strict construction would prevent bars being opened at all on *cloudy* days. If legislation of the kind is needed why not say six o'clock, or some other fixed time, instead of having a different hour for different localities, and a difference between summer and winter.

TOWN CLOCK.—The County Commissioners of Blair county have resolved to purchase a town clock and place it in the cupalo of the Court House at Hollidaysburg. We have not heard that our County Commissioners intend to do likewise, but we have heard that every man can be master of his own time if he only has the good sense to select an indicator, in shape of a clock or watch, from the large and complete stock now in store at C. T. Roberts', on High street. Cham. has other things innumerable comprised in his assortment, and everybody should take a look at them, buy or no buy.

JOHN BROTHERLINE, ESQ., has been appointed Register in Bankruptcy of this District. The appointment is a very popular one, the appointee being the weightiest lawyer in the district. Apropos of this, we are astonished to see the *Tribune* give all the credit of the appointment to Judge Taylor, and protest the entire innocence of Mr. Morrell in the premises. There were five reasons for Mr. B.'s appointment: 1st. He was a friend of President Johnson; 2d. Of Chief Justice Chase; 3d. Of Hon. D. J. Morrell; 4th. Of Judge Taylor; and 5th. Of John Brotherline, Esq. We trust if it should be our fate to "go through," the Register will consider the above puff in the way of fees.

MacShane in Washington.

LETTER NUMBER FOUR.

SECRETARY M'CULLOCH.

Called next upon the Secretary of the Treasury. This officer just now fills a most important *niche* in the eyes of the people, being the divinity that presides over the Temple of Mammon—a shrine that has more worshippers than that of Mars, Neptune and all the other divinities; for "where our *treasure* is there are our hearts also." This department of the Government has, since 1861, been filled with more acceptation than any other, and it is understood that Secretary Chase provided for the exigencies of the war mainly through the ability and foresight of the present Secretary. Mr. McCulloch has nothing marked in his appearance. He is about the ordinary size, plain in his manners, unassuming in his address, and wears quite a business air. He devotes himself entirely to his bureau, and neither knows nor cares much about matters outside of it. Indeed, President Lincoln described him well to a friend, shortly after he had appointed him. "I have secured," said he, "the right man for Secretary of the Treasury. He knows *everything* about financial matters, and *nothing* about anything else."

SECRETARY STANTON.

Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, the Secretary of War, is the only member of Mr. Buchanan's Cabinet that holds a place under President Johnson. He is said to have sympathized fully with the views of the former, as he now does with those of the latter. I found him a heavy, thick-set man, a little under the ordinary height, with a sensual face, the lower section of it covered by a heavy black beard, and a pug nose. The latter facial ornament gives him a *pug*nacious appearance, and a cast of *dog*ged stubbornness which is really characteristic of the man. He has managed the affairs of his bureau with much force and little feeling. It was reported, during the war, that he had an assistant at his elbow, named Halleck, but on the most careful inquiry I am not able to find, with any degree of certainty, that any such person ever lived at Washington city; and when I add that I have never seen his picture in *Harper's Weekly*, and have not seen him named for President in any radical paper, I conclude him a *myth*, and that the name will never become historical.

But I must visit the patriarch of the Navy department,

SECRETARY WELLES.

Mr. Gideon D. Welles wears a long gray beard, which descends upon his breast, and reminds you of the picture of the Wandering Jew, though the aspect is more pleasing. Indeed, he is a mildly mannered man, and is said by a brother Yankee to be a very "knowledegable" man in the performance of his official duties, so that our vessels of war are said to bear the "Sword of Gideon!" He is said to have acquired his first knowledge of naval affairs at Lewistown, Pa.

Browning of the Interior Department I failed to see. I called to see him, but, like many others, *I found him out*. I next essayed to see the

POST MASTER GENERAL,

in which I was more fortunate. Mr. Randall is of medium size, with a ruddy complexion, a high forehead, and features of a very lively cast. He impresses you with the idea of a testy and irritable temper, though in my presence he was urbane and courteous. But

ATT'Y GEN. STANSBERRY,

is perhaps the most noticeable of these officials. To see him once is to remember him a lifetime. He is thin as a lath, straight as an arrow, and tall as a grenadier. His clothes, like himself, appear antediluvian—the oldest possible fashion, the neatest possible fit. His neck is long, but his stock or cravat was made for a still longer one, and compels him to hold up his head like a soldier on training day. Mr. Stansberry is a model of politeness and courtesy, and is much esteemed by his professional brethren, who concede to him legal talent of a very high order. He is perhaps more of a lawyer than either a statesman or a politician. I had the pleasure of hearing him argue a case in the Supreme Court the next day, and such was my impression. MACSHANE.

THE LATEST AND BEST NEWS is that R. H. Singer, who, upon his entree into our town, reduced the price of horse-shoeing one-third, has determined still to lead the van, and offers to work 10 per cent. lower than the lowest for *cash*, and insures satisfaction. Persons needing tire on their wagons or carriages, can save dollars by giving him their work. "A dollar saved is a dollar gained," and the way to save many of them is to get your blacksmithing done with Mr. Singer, at the west end of town. Mr. S. is also selling I. C. Singer's unequalled Tire and Band Bender—a machine which saves a great amount of time and labor and bends the Tire round and true—of which Wm. Myers, of Altoona, says he would not take $100 and do without. Any amount of testimony just like that can be shown, but the machine is its own best recommendations to a mechanic. Persons wishing to purchase should call on or address R. H. SINGER, Ebensburg.

Territory for sale. For terms address I. C. SINGER, Box 35, Altoona, Pa.

—Robert Hendershott, well known as the drummer boy of the Rappahannock, eloped from Poughkeepsie, N. Y., with a rich merchant's daughter on Friday last. They were married at Newburgh. The interesting pair are "scarce nineteen years old."

—Accounts of suffering from the want of food still continue to pour in from the South to the Northern committees of relief. There is urgent need of funds and food over a large district in three or four Southern States.

—Stanton, it is thought, will be, through the pressure of the President's friends, forced to leave the Cabinet. Gen. George W. Cass is strongly recommended as his successor.

A CHANCE FOR A BARGAIN. —FARM FOR SALE.—The Farm owned and occupied by the subscriber, situated in Munster township, Cambria county, four miles south-east of Ebensburg and one-fourth mile from Samuel O'Hara's Mill, containing 121 ACRES and allowance, is offered for sale on reasonable terms and easy payments. Eighty acres of the above land are cleared, under good fence, and in excellent farming condition. The improvements consist of a two-story PLANK HOUSE and a large FRAME BARN, both in good preservation, as well as all other necessary outbuildings. An extensive orchard of choice fruit trees and never-failing springs of excellent water are on the premises. Further information can be obtained by making application to DANIEL O'HARA.
Munster Tp., May 30, 1867.-tf2*

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE. The subscriber offers for sale his Farm situated in Carroll township, Cambria county, about 2½ miles from Carrolltown borough, on the road leading to Hinebaugh's Mill. Said Farm contains over 82 acres, most of it cleared and under good fence, with a comfortable two-story Plank House and Log Barn thereon erected. There is a large orchard of excellent fruit and several springs of pure water on the premises—one of the latter close to the house—as well as a stream of water running through the middle of the land. This property will be sold on fair and easy terms. For further information apply to the undersigned at Lilly's Station, or to Archibald Smith, on the farm.
my30.-3m* DAVID SMITH

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of Nicholas Weilandt, late of Susquehanna township, Cambria county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of said county. All persons having claims against said estate will please present them for payment, and those owing the same are requested to make settlement without delay.
PETER SHERO, Executor.
Carrolltown, May 30, 1867.-6t.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE —Having been appointed Administrator of the estate of John White, late of Blacklick township, Cambria county, dec'd, the undersigned hereby notifies all persons indebted to said estate to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JAMES H. WHITE,
Adm'r of John White, dec'd.
May 23, 1867.-6t.*

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Henry Krise, late of Clearfield township, dec'd, have been granted to the subscribers, residing in said township. Those having claims against said estate will present them properly probated, and those owing the estate are requested to make payment.
JOHN J. KRISE, }
WM. G. KRISE, } Adm'rs.
May 23, 1867.-6t.*

V. S. BARKER,

S. CHEAP CASH STORE, Main street!

The First ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS FOR THE SPRING TRADE OF 1867.

HAVING JUST RECEIVED A NEW AND EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

Dry Goods

DRESS GOODS,

CLOTHING,

GROCERIES,

NOTIONS, &c.,

I DEFY

Competition!

EITHER IN

GOODS OR PRICES

and invite the

ATTENTION

OF

PURCHASERS

TO MY

SUPERB STOCK

OF

Cheap Goods

V. S. BARKER,

EBENSBURG,

CAMBRIA CO., PENNA.

AN IMMENSE REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF GOODS!

LIST OF CAUSES set down for trial at a Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, commencing on Monday, 3d day of June next:

SECOND WEEK.

Brotherline	vs Swires et al
Hoffman	vs Colclesser et al
Bell	vs Swires
Higgins	vs Deivings et al
Shriver for use	vs M'Hugh et al
Harnberger	vs Zimmerman
Truby	vs Duncan
Cowan	vs Barto et al
O'Neill, adm'r,	vs Garvey
Brallier's Admrs	vs Butler
Pringle Adm'x	vs Pringle
M'Carty	vs School D Allegh
Bock	vs Same
Tomlinson	vs Same
Hall	vs Same
Cramer	vs Same
Dailey	vs Same
M'Gough	vs Same
Haddo	vs School D Mch
Calvin	vs Noel
King	vs Shoenberger's
Altimus	vs Cooper
Zahm	vs Murray's Ex'r
Christy	vs Christy
Litzinger	vs Davis et al
Dunmyer	vs Boody
McFeely	vs Sch D Clearfield
Ivory	vs Same
Garraghan	vs Penna R R Co.
Rowley	vs McHugh et al
Bendon	vs Bendon
Masterson for use	vs McHugh
Walsh	vs Penna R R Co.
Quyrk	vs Same

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Pro.

FARM FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers at private sale his Farm situated in Cambria township, two miles east of Ebensburg, on the road leading to Loretto. The Farm consists of 80 acres more or less, about 54 Acres of which are cleared, under good fence, and in a good state of cultivation. The balance of the land is well set with sugar, chestnut, oak and other marketable timber. There is a comfortable FRAME HOUSE and a large BARN on the premises, and an Orchard of choice Fruit Trees that have never yet failed to bear. There is also a never-failing spring of pure water and other necessary conveniences on the premises. The Farm will be sold on fair terms and easy payments, and an indisputable title will be given. The place is known as Bradley's Station, on the line of the C. Rail Road, is located on this land.
Further information can be obtained by applying to CHARLES BRADLEY.
Cambria Tp., May 23, 1867.-tf.

LICENSE PETITIONS to be presented on the second Monday (10th day) of June next:

TAVERN LICENSE.

Allegheny Tp—F. A. Gibbons; Cambria Bor—William Gallagher; Chest Tp—Glass; Conemaugh Bor—Francis Seward; Johnstown—Henry Fritz, 3d ward; Richland Tp—Peter Heim.

EATING HOUSE LICENSE.

Cambria Bor—George Nesch; Johnstown Bor—Adam Pharr, 3d ward; Millville—John Walsh; Washington Tp—Lazarus Rigel.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Clerk.

NOTICE.—The Register of Cambria County having granted Letters of Administration to the undersigned upon the estate of Andrew M'Grain, late of Cambria township, Cambria county, dec'd, notice is hereby given to persons indebted to said estate to make payment, and those having claims against it to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
ELLEN M'GRAIN,
Adm'x of Andrew M'Grain, dec'd.
St. Augustine, May 16, 1867.-6t

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—All persons knowing themselves debted to the undersigned on book account or by notes now due, are requested to call and settle the same either by payment in cash (which, of course, would be preferred) or giving or renewing their notes, on or before the 1st day of July next, as after that date all accounts remaining unsettled will be left in the hands of a proper officer for collection. A. SAUPP.
St. Augustine, May 2, 1867.-2m.*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of Cunningham, late of Susquehanna township, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in Carroll township, Cambria county. All persons having claims against said estate will present them properly proven, and those indebted to the same are requested to come forward and make payment.
HENRY BYRNE, Exec'r.
May 23, 1867.-6t.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY!

F. SHARRETTS DYSERT

House, Sign and Ornamental Painting, Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging, and other work in his line, promptly executed and satisfaction guaranteed. Shop in basement of the Town Hall.
Ebensburg, May 9, 1867.-6m.*

JOSEPH ZOLNER, JR., Watchmaker and Jeweler

Has taken the room on High street, opposite the Mountain House, recently occupied by R. J. Lloyd as a Drug Store. Watches and Jewelry repaired on short notice and at the lowest rates, and all work warranted.
Ebensburg, May 23, 1867.

JAMES H. DAVIS, Dealer in all kinds of

POPLAR, CHERRY & ASH LUMBER,

Yard Nos. 314 *and* 316 *N. Broad St.*,
PHILADELPHIA.
☞ Business attended to in Ebensburg by
Wm. J. Williams. [myl6

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D.,

tenders his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. Office in rear of the Mansion House, recently occupied by J. Buck & Co. as a Store room. Night calls can be made at the hotel of Lawrence Schroth. [May 9, 1867.

12 DOZ. WOODEN BUTTER BOWLS just received and for sale low by
at [feb.28.] GEO. HUNTLEY.

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

THURSDAY, : : : JUNE 6, 1867.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

THE CORNER-STONE CEREMONY.—In accordance with announcement the corner-stone of the new Catholic church, designed to be erected in this place, was laid with appropriate and impressive ceremonies, on Tuesday afternoon last, and was witnessed by a large and attentive concourse of people. The day was a most propitious one, the God of nature seeming to smile benignly upon the initiatory steps there being taken towards the erection of another temple to His honor and glory. The beloved pastor of the congregation, Rev. R. C. Christy, was assisted in the exercises by Rev. S. Wall, President of St. Michael's Seminary, Pittsburgh, Rev. Farren, Tyrone, Rev. Hughes, Broad Top, Rev. McGovern, Bellefonte, Rev. O'Rourke, Kittanning, Rev. Bigham, New Brighton, Rev. Tracy, Huntsville, Ala., Rev. Cristoph, Carrolltown, and Rev. Burns, St. Augustine, and at their close a powerful sermon was delivered by Rev. Wall, from the text, "Thou are Peter, and upon this rock," &c. The sermon was a vindication of the Church's claim to being the one established by Christ upon earth, and was certainly a most earnest, forcible and eloquent effort throughout, and one worthy of the gifted mind, the sincere heart and the sound judgment of the Rev. speaker. We have neither space nor facilities for giving a synopsis of the sermon, but we feel sure that no one who listened to it, though he might take issue with the arguments advanced, could fail to be convinced of the sincerity of the speaker and his deep conviction of the truth of what he uttered.

In addition to a record of the ceremony, a copy of each of the papers published in the county and also of the Pittsburgh *Catholic*, specimens of coin, currency, &c., there was placed in the stone a list comprising the names of the Pope, Archbishop, Bishop of this Diocese, clergymen who participated in the ceremonies, architect of the building, as well as those of National, State, County and Borough officials. A collection was taken up upon the occasion, which netted, we believe, a very handsome sum. In compliance with the wish of the pastor we shall next week publish the names of all persons who contributed one dollar and upward to the fund.

We cannot close this hurried account without commending the good taste displayed by the ladies of the congregation in the adornment and equipment of the speaker's stand, and without also bearing testimony to the profound interest and attention manifested throughout by the large concourse of people present. It may not be out of place either to say that our young friend, J. C. Easly, Esq., has been employed as architect of the new building, and that it is the intention to erect a handsome, commodious and substantial church edifice which will be an ornament to our town and a fitting testimonial of Catholic zeal and devotion.

SERIOUS RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Mr. Hugh Gillin, engineer on the E. & C. R. R., and a resident of this place, met with a most painful accident and narrow escape from death at Cresson on Saturday evening last. The facts of the case as we learn them are that Mr. Gillin had accompanied his wife to the Philadelphia Express east, and was running along the down track towards his own engine when he was struck in the back by a locomotive used as a "pusher," which was descending the mountain at the time, and knocked down, the locomotive passing over his left arm, crushing it for the most part in a shocking manner. He also suffered a severe contusion of the head, occasioned no doubt by his fall. Dr. Walter Bell, of Summitville, was summoned without delay, and the facts being telegraphed to Altoona, Drs. Gemmill and Campbell were dispatched as soon as possible to the aid of the injured man, and in a short time the arm was amputated above the elbow and his wounds properly dressed and his condition rendered as comfortable as possible. The distressing news was telegraphed to Mrs. Gillin at Gallitzin, and she returned with her unfortunate husband to their home here, arriving at an early hour on Sunday morning. Mr. Gillin is one of the oldest and most proficient engineers in the employ of the Company, besides being a worthy citizen and neighbor, and the sad accident which has befallen him is universally regretted. No fears are entertained of his injuries proving fatal. The engineer of the "pusher" is severely censured for not displaying a headlight, as well as for neglect of schedule rules, and he has doubtless ere this been discharged from the employ of the Company.

DISTRESSING CASUALTY.—From our Carrolltown correspondent we have the particulars of a deplorable accident which occurred near that place on Saturday evening last, by which a worthy priest, Father McGivern, was seriously, but we glad to learn not dangerously, injured. It appears that while at the branch of the monastery located in Hopper Valley, Carroll township, and while seated in front of the refectory, at the time stated, Father M'Givern was suddenly startled by hearing the discharge of a gun and at the same time feeling a disagreeable sensation in his thigh. On investigation the fact was ascertained that a boy living with the Brothers had brought a shot gun from the house for the purpose of shooting a bird, and while in the act of taking aim was spoken to by some one, and turning suddenly around caused the gun to be discharged, the entire contents of which penetrated the leg, near the thigh, of the Rev. gentleman named. He was immediately conveyed to Carrolltown and placed under the medical care of Dr. Oatman, who found the wound, although painful, by no means a dangerous one.

COURT is at present in session, but owing to several adjournments on Tuesday, no business of special moment has transpired up to the hour of going to press on Wednesday. A rape case from Richland township occupied the principal attention of the Court up to that time, and excited of course the curiosity of poor weak humanity. The attendance at Court is reasonably large.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

JOHNSTOWN, JUNE 3, 1867.

Dear Freeman—My pen this week chronicles the death of one who stood high in the esteem of his fellow men here, and whose sudden demise has deprived a most excellent mother of an only son, the stay and prop of her declining years, and society generally of a worthy member. I allude to the death of John B. Fromald, who, on Wednesday last, at the early age of 26 years, received the final summons which must come sooner or later to each and all of the human race. His disease was originally quinsey, but developed itself into inflammation of the lungs, and in its violent nature put a period to his existence in a week after its inception. He bore his extreme suffering meekly and with true Christian fortitude, and being consoled in his last moments by the solemn rites of the religion he professed, death had no terrors to him. The writer of this can bear testimony to his many noble qualities of head and heart, and can truthfully say that his general character was pure and without reproach. His almost broken hearted mother has the sympathies of our whole community in her irreparable bereavement. May he rest in peace.

Theo. K. Babcock, for many years a resident of this place, and latterly chief clerk to the Surveyer General, died suddenly in Washington, Pa., on Thursday last, of disease of the heart. Mr. B. had many warm friends in this locality, who became endeared to him through the manly traits and kindly disposition he always evinced. Green be the turf above him!

Thursday last, as all your readers are of course aware, was Ascension day, and was generally observed by several denominations here. The German Singing Association kept up their annual custom of ascending the elevation known as Green Hill before the break of day, and indulging in sacred songs commemorative of the ascension of our Savior into heaven. This custom of the Germans is a commendable one, as standing beneath the green arches of the trees, they see the sun arise in the east and survey the handiwork of nature, and of nature's God—all of which is well calculated to turn their thoughts to the great mystery of man's redemption, and to trace out, step by step, the sufferings and the glories of the Man-God, until at length they picture the last scene on earth, the glorious ascension.

Two men were sent up last week in default of bail, for alleged larceny. The affair, as detailed to me, was rather a mixed one, but from what I could gather the parties started out by getting drunk, and when about getting over this excellent species of pastime and enjoyment, one discovered he was minus $15 and the other made the startling discovery that a mysterious disappearance of half a saw-horse had taken place from his mopus holder. After cogitating the matter over for a while each came to the conclusion that he had been victimized by the other, and cross suits for larceny were forthwith brought. As neither party could procure any person deeply enough interested to go their surety, they were sent to rusticate in the cheap boarding house situate in your place, until twelve good men and true can find out whether or not either of the parties manipulated his comrade's cash.

A couple of old offenders were last week brought before the Burgess for disorderly conduct and indulging in a promiscuous set-to with each other. His Honor was hearing the case with his usual urbanity, good nature and legal acumen, when just in the midst of some interesting details from a witness who was evidently a reader of a sporting journal, and who was describing the combat in P. R. style, one of the robustious defendants upset the dignity of the proceedings by dropping his fist in a rude, unseemly and violent manner on his late antagonist's mouth, rather elongating the opening originally formed by nature. The result of this dexterous strategic manouvre proved rather disastrous to the man of belligerent propensities, as he was immediately placed in "durance vile" to remain for the space of five days, and his less hostile adversary was discharged. Somebody suggests to persons in anger to count ten ere they act, but my impression is that the Burgess' recipe in the matter is rather an improvement on that style, for if anger won't cool down in the 8x10 bake oven, called by courtesy a lock-up, why then it would certainly hold out longer than the late rain, and I heard a farmer say that was "some time."

The building formerly occupied by the defunct *Mountain Echo* was last week offered at public sale by its present proprietor, F. W. Hay. After being bid up to about $6,000 the sale was adjourned till the second week of the present month, when Mr. H. will doubtless realize the amount at which he values the property. I believe it is the intention of Mr. Hay to commence immediately the erection of a large, commodious and substantial brick building on the old Canal, opposite D. Creed's.

In my "personal" last week I mentioned the fact of Mr. Geo. Gurley being in town, and from the rather dubious notice I gave him strangers might be led to infer that he wasn't exactly a standing member of a temperance association. I had of course no intention of conveying such an impression, nor had I the least idea of wounding his feelings. I had supposed it would be taken in the spirit in which it was meant. To make the *amende*, however, I can conscientiously say that Mr. Gurley's reputation for sobriety is second to none in Ebensburg, and to my knowledge, at least, he has never been under the influence of liquor. Whenever Sku Bal makes a misstatement, or his meaning is misconstrued, he is ever ready to apologize or explain. Apologetically yours, SKU BAL.

HEMLOCK, JUNE 3, 1867.

Mr. Editor—As I have already informed you I have never tried my hand at writing for a newspaper, but when my old friend, the lamented Charley Murray, edited the *Democrat and Sentinel*, I often dropped in and gave him my ideas of matters and men, and he would fix up some good things from data furnished him by his friend "Mordecai." Then I lived in town, however, while now I am a resident of the country—away down here in Washington township—and of course haven't it so handy as I had them. But noticing that your neighbor of the *Alleghanian* had a *reporter* here, I thought I would try my hand, and let you have the benefit of the weekly transpirings in this old Democratic stronghold. It seems so strange that none of the leaders (?) of the party in this district find time to report anything to the *democratic* papers, though I suppose none of them want anything from the party, and having got tired *supporting it*, have laid it down *just to rest themselves*, and several so forths. But now for the news.

The weather for the past week has been somewhat improved in this locality—that is it don't rain quite so heavily nor incessantly as it did during the last month—and every tiller of the soil is now busily engaged putting in the balance of the spring crops.

Coal Mining and Shoddy.—The coal miners here, who had only partially recovered from the effects of a recent "strike," were forced to stand another *blow* on the 1st ult., the result of which was to *send* a number of them elsewhere to seek a living for their families, some of whom were actually suffering want from the effects of Shoddy rule. This "strike," it appears, was caused by Shoddy, instigated by Rothschild or Devil Bug, posting notices announcing that on the first day of May the said Shoddy would reduce the price for mining fifty cents a yard. This additional outrage the miners determined to resist, and nobly did they stand out for three weeks, some of them living on the generosity of the others—*soulless* Shoddy even refusing to "*assist*."

Hymenial.—Lieut. John Lynch and Miss Maggie Hinds were married by Father Ryan at Summit church, on Tuesday, 28th ult. I hope John has gone to glory, and although I have no pretensions to poetical talent, I cannot refrain from saying to him that

'Tis very cruel, this *Lynching Hinds*—
Such *deer* creatures you should never harm;
But in your *modus operandi* maybe she finds
Something that mitigates the pain, as by a charm.

Educational (?)—The new School Directors of this district are to meet to day to organize. There is a regular system practiced here in the selection of these officers. A sort of menagerie has been established in the central part of the district, from which are selected periodically one or more of the *cutest* animals, who, through the influence of the managers, are to lead the honest, unsophisticated members of the Board. This year,

"Oh, shades of Brutus!
They have taken a *Guyascutus!*"

Now, Mr. Editor, I don't want to excite the envy or jealousies of your traveling correspondent, MacShane, but if he is miffed I can't help it. I am not going to hide my light under a bushel, or conceal it in any measure, in order that his may shine. So be it distinctly understood between us that I am also a travelling reporter for the *Freeman*. I shall take care, however, to keep clear of his territory, and don't want him to intrude himself into mine. At the last accounts he was in Washington. Well, he can be there a long time figuring about the White House, and *colouging* with Andy Johnson, and associating with members of the L. Congress, without being in the slightest danger of having his path crossed by me. For my part, Mr. Editor, I am in the habit of *picking* my company, and generally make it a point to choose only what is considered honest. Hence, therefore, &c., I'll not go to Washington very soon.

Well, Mr. Editor, as I meant to say, I was out in Old Westmoreland lately—stopped at Ex-Sheriff Huston's Hotel in Latrobe, and was *of course* treated like a *gentleman*. The Sheriff knows "how to keep a hotel," though his house is wanting in at least one of the conveniences mentioned by MacShane as found at a certain establishment at which he says he *saw* them *drink* in Philadelphia. A person goes up stairs here without the aid of either *wrenches* or wen—s. I'll not say any more—that fastidious young man of the *Alleghanian* might have his nervous system injuriously affected by the finishing of that word. You know, Mr. Editor, he can't bear anything that is very highly scented. The first night I stopped there I was late, and took supper and roomed with a Mr. Smith, and the next night with Mr. Jones. And this I think accounts for the many long tables the Sheriff is obliged to spread for the entertainment of his guests. I suppose he has the patronage of all the Smiths and Joneses, and that you know is a "big thing."

I stopped and dined at the Scott House at Johnstown on my way out. I didn't see so very much of a Row as MacShane alleges is always kept up there, but suppose when a character of his distinction stops there the Row is greater than when a common man puts up. I think so. It is my intention, Mr. Editor, to be out again this week and shall not forget you.

"Muchly" yours, MORDECAI.

VISITORS.—Among the visitors to our town during the present week, not attracted hither by the Court now in session, we had the pleasure of greeting Mr. William Murray, formerly of Summerhill, this county, at present of Altoona, and our genial young friends, Capt. Morgan McDonald and Mr. A. J. Spigelmire, of Philadelphia. The former gentleman is the senior member of the mercantile firm of Murray & Belford, Altoona, and the two latter represent the wholesale dry goods house of M. Cresswell & Co. and the extensive grocery establishment of Gillespie, Zeller & Co., Philadelphia. We commend the former to such of our friends as make their purchases in Altoona, and the two latter to those who buy to sell again. They are all three clever, deserving men, and practical friends of the *Freeman*.

MAY has retired from the scenes of actual life, blushing like the rose and beautiful, wafted along by bland breezes and spring zephyrs, and though during her visit she shed many tears, she parted from us in a fit of joyous laughter, and left us with the gratifying knowledge that V. S. Barker still continues to sell clothing, boots, shoes, dry goods, groceries, etc., just as cheap as anybody can at present pretend to sell them here or hereabouts. His stock is well worthy of examination, and his prices very low.

ANY of our daily or weekly cotemporaries wishing to secure a regular letter, racy, chatty and interesting, from Johnstown, can be accommodated for a reasonable consideration by addressing this office.

LIFE INSURANCE.—The advertisement of the Home Life Insurance Company of New York, which will be found elsewhere in our paper to day, sets forth facts well worthy the consideration of all to whom they come greeting. It is a duty which every man owes to his family to endeavor to leave something for their support in case he should be called away by death, and there is certainly no more safe and satisfactory method of making this provision than by securing a life insurance policy. Mr. Benjamin E. Davis, who is at present among us as agent for this Company, and who has just arranged, as the following certificate will testify, the claim of the executors of E. Shoemaker, Esq., dec'd., is endeavoring to convince our citizens of the great advantages of life insurance, and we trust will succeed in enrolling many of them as patrons of this first class Company.

EBENSBURG, June 3, 1867.

MESS. ESLER & COLTON, Gen'l Agents of Home Life Insurance Co.—*Gentlemen*: I desire to express my thanks to you for your promptness in adjusting the claim under Policy No. 11096 on the life of my father, and would recommend your Company to the citizens of Ebensburg and neighborhood as not only sound and reliable, but prompt in the payment of losses. Yours truly,
F. A. SHOEMAKER, Att'y for Estate.

WHAT ADVERTISING WILL DO.—When our young friend, F. Sharretts Dysert, house and sign painter, first came among us, the opinion was freely expressed that he would find little to do in his line. Nothing daunted, however, he first procured a shop, and then announced through the local papers what he was prepared to do, and in a short time his hands were so full of work that he was compelled to employ three journeymen to assist him, and he is now fully convinced of the efficacy of printer's ink in securing employment. Mr. D., as the work already done by him will convince anybody, is a proficient mechanic, and needs no further commendation to secure him plenty of work in our town and neighborhood. We trust he will be patronized as he deserves.

DIED.

At her mother's residence in Ebensburg, on Sunday morning last, Mrs. JANE E. O'NIELL, daughter of Mrs. Susan Rhey, aged 42 years. The deceased was beloved by all who knew her for her many virtues, and her loss will be severely felt by a large circle of relatives and friends. Her illness was protracted and borne with Christian fortitude and resignation. Her remains were interred at St. Patrick's Church, on Tuesday morning, with appropriate ceremonies. Requiescat in pace.

A MAN DOWN—LIFT HIM!—Circumstances compel me to make a long call, a strong call, and a sincere and determined call to all those knowing themselves indebted, the subscriber having liabilities to meet and drugs and other articles to buy, requiring cash and nothing but cash, although greenbacks might do. All the money that I have received from my patrons since my debut in Cambria county has not been sufficient to clear my drug bills. I do assure my friends that it is not my pleasure to harass or distress any one, but my necessity. I therefore hope this call will be sufficient notice to all. J. J. KRISE, M. D.
St. Augustine, June 6, 1867.-1m.

HOME LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Office, No. 258 Broadway, New York.—Philadelphia Agency, Corner Fourth and Library Streets.

THE HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY desires to call the attention of all persons who may feel interested in the subject of Life Insurance, to the following facts and considerations:

THE HOME was organized May 1, 1860, as a Mutual Life Insurance Company, in the best sense of that term.

THE HOME is now seven years old, and by the wise and prudent management of its President and Board of Directors, has taken its position in the *front rank* of all the best Life Insurance Companies in the United States.

THE HOME divides its profits among its assessed members, annually. Dividend, May 1, 1867, forty per cent. CASH.

THE HOME had May 1, 1867, *assets amounting to One Million Three hundred and Eighty-seven Thousand Dollars*, all securely invested.

THE HOME has now 9,000 assigned members from $1,000 to $10,000 each; total insurance, 20,000,000.

THE HOME promptly paid losses last year, amounting to $146,800.

Present Advantages and Future Results of Life Insurance.

It is a safe and certain method of providing, after death, for Wife, Children, Parents, Brother, Sister, or Friends. The Merchant and his Clerk, the Minister and all Professional Men, the Mechanic, the Farmer, and the Laborer, may avail themselves of it to *some extent* with ease and the greatest advantage.

A Life Policy soon acquires a *cash value*, and on a great pressing emergency may be converted into money. Its benefits are felt in many a widow's chamber and orphan's home. It alleviates the anxiety of parents and fosters the spirit of self-reliance.

OFFICERS OF THE HOME:
WALTER S. GRIFFITH, President.
ISAAC H. FROTHINGHAM, Treasurer.
GEO. C. RIPLEY, Secretary.
WILLIAM J. COFFIN, Actuary.
ESLER & COLTON, Agents for Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, Corner 4th & Library streets, Philadelphia.

☞ THE HOME refers to Rev. Thos. Carlton, D. D., and Bishops Janes, Simpson and Kingsley, of the Methodist Episcopal Church; the Hon. Judges Strong and Ludlow, Rev. Aldert Barnes, Rev. T. De Witt Talmadge, M. W. Baldwin & Co., B. B. Comegys, Esq., Cashier Phila. Bank, Messrs. E. W. Clarke & Co., Drexel & Co., Bankers, and Samuel Welsh, Esq., the most of whom, and hundreds more of prominent men in the Church and State, are insured in THE HOME.

BARGAINS can be had by buying your goods for cash at
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

SPRING STOCK

NOW COMPLETE!

Great Reduction

IN PRICES

At Thompson's

AN IMMENSE

STOCK OF

NEW GOODS

AT

THOMPSON'S

MAMMOTH

STORE!

CHEAPER

THAN

EVER!

DOWN!

DOWN!

DOWN!

TO

OLD TIME

PRICES!

COME!

AND

Will exhibit at Ebensburg, Monday, June 10th, and Johnstown, Tuesday, June 11th--One Day Only, Afternoon and Evening, in each place. Come and see the Largest Show in the World!

WHITBEY & CO'S
CONSOLIDATED SHOWS
CIRCUSES
—AND—
MENAGERIES!

The Largest Exhibition in the World!
With a Model and Complete
MENAGERIE
And a Consolidation of the leading Talent embraced in
CIRCUSES.
Presenting more Rare and Curious Animals, Interesting Birds and Reptiles and a more Varied and Novel Performance than in any combine in America. A major portion of the
ZOOLOGICAL SPECIMENS!
Have been just imported. Among the features are
THE BABY ELEPHANT,
"LILLIPUT,"
An Unweaned Calf. First African Elephant ever captured. Youngest and Smallest ever seen. Only 12 months old. Stands 26 inches high and weighs 300 pounds, and the wonderful Performing Trained Monster.
"ELPHINE,"
A Colossal Asiatic.
THE BABY ELEPHANT
Being too small to travel on foot, Will not be shown in the Parade, but will be performed in the Ring at each Exhibition

PROF. FOREPAUGH,
The Daring Animal Conqueror, will at each Exhibition, enter the Den, containing LIONS, TIGERS, LEOPARD AND PANTHERS, and give a Thrilling Performance with these Fierce and Savage Monsters
The Free Display of WILD ANIMALS and the
FEEDING OF THE WILD BEASTS
Will be given in conjunction with the
CONTINUED AND VARIED ENTERTAINMENTS.
The Dens will contain a Magnificent Zebra; a Towering Ostrich, White Plumed, Seven Feet High; Three African Lion (Six Months old) Kittens, finest and prettiest specimens in any Menagerie; Spotted Cow and Calf; Long Lipped Hindoostan Bears only Animals of the kind known to exist; The Ereehus or Jet Black Lion; a Dominique Alpaca; the "Ship of the Desert"—a Dromedary of Sahara; Black, African and Asiatic Lions and Lionesses; Leopards; Senegal and South American Leopards; Black, Grizzly and Cinnamon Bears; Striped and Spotted Hyenas; Elk; Fallow and Spotted Deers; Cashmere Goats; Wolves; Panthers; Foxes; Coons; Inchneumons; Conoons; Beavers; Moose; Civit Cats; Prairie Dogs, &c., with a FULL AVIARY OF BIRDS, and all the known variety of Apes, Baboons and Monkeys.

THE CIRCUS TROUPE!
Consists of FORTY PRINCIPAL ARTISTS, among whom are SIX STAR LADIES, more than have ever been engaged in one EQUESTRIAN SHOW
M'lle Carlotta Whitbey,
La Petite Louise,
M'lle Marguretta Le Moyne,
M'lle Elvira,
Miss Jennette Mayland,
and M'me Clemene Fabler.
Two Good Clowns.
Pete Conklin & Chas. Murgan.
John Conklin,
The Athlete and Cannon Ball Manipulator
J. Hernandez,
Champion Bare Back Rider.
Geo. Derious, Omar Delisle, Lowe, Silvester, C. Hunter, B. Harlon, Pierre, Jean, Rochford, Dunbar, Mons. Perelle, W. H. Hardison, Master Charles and Mr. H. Whitbey,
And others, furnishing all that is Novel, Astounding and Standard in the Equestrian ——!

A GRAND PROCESSION
Will be made upon the Entree into Town every
DAY AT TEN O'CLOCK, A. M.,
Consisting of
THE MASSIVE TEMPLE OF MUSIC,

Drawn by Sixteen Arabian Horses, containing
BRITNER'S PHILADELPHIA CORNET BAND.
TWENTY SUPERB DENS,
Elegantly painted and ornamented
THE TEAM OF ELEPHANTS.
An immense stock of
Trained Blooded Circus Horses
And a
LONG LINE OF WAGONS, CARS, &c.
The whole forming a PUBLIC PARADE, worth a day's journey to witness.
All the Menageries and Circuses under One Tent for One Single Price of Admission.

Two Performances,
Afternoon & Evening, at 2 & 7 1-2 o'clk.
Doors open one hour previous.
Seats for all who come. Plenty of Room.

ADMISSION. - - - 50 CENTS
Children, under 10 years, - 25 Cents

THE BURIAL PLACE OF BOOTH.

General L. C. Baker has published a diary, in which he details his connection with the "secret service" of the War Department during the war of the rebellion. He makes the following statement in regard to the disposition made of the body of John Wilkes Booth:

General Barnes, Surgeon General United States army, was on board the gunboat where the post mortem examination was held, with his assistants. General Barnes cut from Booth's neck about two inches of the spinal column through which the ball had passed; this piece of bone, which is now on exhibition in the Government Medical Museum in Washington, is the only relic of the assassin's body above ground, and this is the only mutilation of the remains that ever occurred. Immediately after the conclusion of the examination the Secretary of War gave orders as to the disposition of the body, which had become very offensive owing to the condition in which it had remained after death; the leg, broken in jumping from the box to the stage, was much discolored and swollen, the blood from the wound having saturated the under clothing. With the assistance of L. B. Baker I took the body from the gunboat direct to the old penitentiary, adjoining the old arsenal grounds. The building had not been used as a prison for some years previously. The Ordnance Department had filled the ground floor cells with fixed ammunition. One of the largest of these cells was selected as the burial place of Booth. The ammunition was removed, a large flat stone lifted from its place, and a rude grave dug; the body was dropped in, the grave filled up, the stone replaced, and there rests to this hour all that remained of John Wilkes Booth.

CURE FOR A BLACK EYE.—We have never tried the following cure for a black eye, never having had our optic windows done up in mourning. However, we give the recipe for the benefit of whom it may concern: Immediately on the eye being struck with force enough to make it black, apply a cloth wet with water just as hot as you can bear it; keep on applying the water for fifteen or twenty minutes, and the coagulated blood will become thin and pass off into natural channels, and leave the eye, perhaps swollen, but free from blackness.

CUT THIS OUT.—For a long time hydrophobia was thought to be incurable, and persons afflicted with it were either strangled or smothered to death. But a German forrester dying a few years ago, made known a life secret by which he had saved many lives, and which may serve a good turn to some of our readers. Bathe the wound constantly with hartshorn, and give three or four doses diluted during the day. The hartshorn decomposes chemically the virus insinuated into the wound, and immediately alters and destroys its deliriousness.

PARADISE LOST—getting out of bed on a frosty night. Paradise regained—getting in again.

HOTELS.

GRANT HOUSE,
Hemlock, Cambria Co., Pa.
JOHN WILKIN, Proprietor.

This House has been refitted, and offers accommodations superior to any other House in the vicinity. The Proprietor, after long experience in the business, feels confident he nuderstands the wants of the public. His TABLE will be supplied with the delicacies of the season and his BAR with the choicest wines and liquors. By constant attention and due care for the comfort of his guests the Proprietor hopes to merit a liberal share of patronage. [may16-1y.]

SCOTT HOUSE,
Main Street, Johnstown, Cambria Co., Pa.,
A. ROW & CO., Proprietors.

THIS HOUSE having been refitted and elegantly furnished, is now open for the reception and entertainment of guests. The proprietors by long experience in hotel keeping feel confident they can satisfy a discriminating public.

Their Bar is supplied with the choicest brands of liquors and wines.
Jan. 31, 1867. (1y.)

UNION HOUSE,

EBENSBURG, Pa., JOHN A. BLAIR, Propietor, spares no pains to render this hotel worthy of a continuation of the liberal patronage it has heretofore received. His table will always be furnished with the best the market affords; his bar with the best of liquors—His stable is large, and will be attended by an attentive and obliging hostler. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, EBENSBURG.
R. P. LINTON & CO., Prop'rs.

The TABLE is always supplied with the choicest delicacies; the BAR is supplied with choice liquors, and the STABLE attended by careful hostlers. Transient visitors accommodated and boarders taken by the week, month or year, on reasonable terms. feb21

SHIELDS HOUSE,
LORETTO, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.,
THOMAS CALLEN, Proprietor.

THIS house is now open for the accommodation of the public. Accommodations as good as the country will afford, and charges moderate. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL.
J. & W. C. M'KIBBIN, Proprietors.
Fourth St., between Market and Arch.
May 9, 1867.-1y. PHILADELPHIA.

TINWARE, HARDWARE, &c.

1867. SPRING TRADE. 1867.

I am now prepared to offer

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS
TO CASH PURCHASERS OF
TIN & SHEET-IRON WARE!
EITHER AT
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

My stock consists in part of every variety of
Tin, Sheet-Iron,
COPPER AND BRASS WARES,
ENAMELLED AND PLAIN
SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS, &c.,
COAL SHOVELS, MINE LAMPS, OIL CANS, HOUSEFURNISHING HARDWARE OF EVERY KIND.

Spear's Anti-Dust
HEATING AND COOKING STOVES,
EXCELSIOR COOKING STOVES,
NOBLE, TRIUMPH AND PARLOR COOKING STOVES,

And any Cooking Stove desired I will get when ordered at manufacturer's prices.—Odd Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for repairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; others will be ordered when wanted. Particular attention given to

Spouting, Valleys and Conductors,

all of which will be made out of best materials and put up by competent workmen.

Lamp Burners, Wick and Chimneys
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

I would call particular attention to the Light House Burner, with Glass Cone, for giving more light than any other in use. Also, the Paragon Burner, for Crude Oil.

SPENCER'S SIFTER!
It recommends itself.

SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS
of all sizes constantly on hand.

Special attention given to
Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron,
at lowest possible rates.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS' LISTS
now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person.

Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage I have already received, and will endeavor to please all who may call, whether they buy or not.

FRANCIS W. HAY.
Johnstown, March 7, 1867.-6m.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!
TO CASH BUYERS!
AT THE EBENSBURG
HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE!

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a great reduction in prices to CASH BUYERS. My stock will consist, in part, of *Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves*, of the most popular kinds; *Tinware* of every description, of my own manufacture; *Hardware* of all kind, such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Table Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Pen and Pocket Knives in great variety, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops, Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Boring Machines, Augers, Chissels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax Bristles, Clothes Wringers, Grind Stones, Patent Molasses Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Cast Steel, Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, &c., Odd Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks, Well and Cistern Pumps and Tubing; *Harness and Saddlery Ware* of all kind; *Wooden and Willow Ware* in great variety; Carbon Oil and Oil Lamps, Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar, Glassware, Paints, Varnishes, Turpentine, Alcohol, &c.

FAMILY GROCERIES,

such as Tea, Coffee, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Fish, Hominy, Crackers, Rice and Pearl Barley; Soaps, Candles; TOBACCO and CIGARS; Paint, Whitewash, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Dusting, Varnish, Stove, Clothes and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed Cords and Manilla Ropes, and many other articles at the lowest rates for CASH.

☞ *House Spouting* made, painted and put up at low rates for *cash*. A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware wholesale. GEO. HUNTLEY
Ebensburg, Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

O. K.
CURTAIN FIXTURE!
Has no superior *in the World!!*
It is pronounced faultless by all who have used it, and it is predicted that it will supersede all other Curtain Fixtures now in use. For sale by GEO. HUNTLEY.

FRANK W. HAY,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL Manufacturer, of TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE, *Canal street*, below Clinton, *Johnstown, Pa.* A large stock constantly hand.

POCKET KNIVES, TABLE KNIVES and Forks, Spoons, &c., can be bought cheap for cash at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

IF you want to buy goods on long credit and pay big prices, don't go to
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

GOOD TRUNKS AND VALISES, for sale low at G. HUNTLEY'S.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

QUICK SALES,
QUICK SALES,
QUICK SALES,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
AND SMALL PROFITS,

GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
EBENSBURG, PA.
EBENSBURG, PA.
EBENSBURG, PA.

The Largest Stock of Goods. The Best Selected and the Greatest Variety ever brought to Town.

LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
GO AND SEE.
GO AND SEE.
GO AND SEE.

The subscriber calls the attention of the public to the fact, that he has just received and opened out in his New Store, a large stock of goods, consisting of

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, CHOP FEED, Bran, Fish, Bacon and Cheese; Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, Cigars, Candles, Soap, Vinegar, &c., &c.

NOTIONS, DRUGS, PERFUMERY, Stoneware and Earthenware. ALSO, a fine assortment of the best and latest style of Hats. He always keeps constantly on hand Bologna Sausages, Sardines, Fresh and Spiced Oysters in can, or half cans, and almost everything in the eating or drinking line. All of which will be sold at small profit.

GEO. GURLEY,
MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG, PA.
January 31, 1867.

IMPORTANT TO EVERYBODY.

A "NEW WRINKLE" IN EBENSBURG!

JOHN D. THOMAS

Takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Ebensburg and the north of the county generally, that he has recently added to his stock a large and complete assortment of

SHOES, BUSKINS, GAITERS, &c.,
For Ladies' and Children's Wear,

from the celebrated wholesale manufacturing establishment of Ziegler & Sutton, Philadelphia. This stock comprises everything that is desirable and serviceable in the way of *custom-made sewed work*, and every article is warranted of the best material and most perfect manufacture. In the sale of these goods the subscriber pledges himself to repair free of charge any article that may give way after a reasonable time and reasonable usage. The ladies are specially invited to call and examine the stock.

The subscriber also keeps on hand and is prepared to manufacture to order BOOTS and SHOES for Gent's and Youth's wear, of the very best material and workmanship, and at prices as reasonable as like work can be obtained anywhere. French Calf, Common Calf, Morocco and all other kinds of Leather constantly on hand.

☞ Store on Main street, next door to Crawford's Hotel. [feb21-tf.

TO THE LADIES OF EBENSBURG AND VICINITY.—Having recently arrived from the city with a handsome assortment of *Spring and Summer Millinery and Straw Goods*, of the latest styles, comprising *Bonnets, Silks and Velvets*, fine *French Flowers*, an assortment of *Ribbons*, all widths and colors, Ladies' plain and fancy *Dress Caps*, Infants' Silk and Embroidered *Caps*, together with Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Hosiery, Gloves, Ladies' and Gent's fine Linen Handkerchiefs, &c, we invite the ladies of Ebensburg and surrounding districts to call and examine our stock, in the store room formerly occupied by E. Hughes, below the Mountain House.

We have a fashionable milliner of excellent taste, who will pay particular attention to bleaching, pressing and altering Hats and Bonnets to the latest styles.

MRS. J. DOYLE,
April 25-3m. MISS M. RUSH.

A WORD FROM JOHNSTOWN!

JOHN J. MURPHY & CO.,
At their Stores in the Scott House, Main St., and on Clinton Street, Johnstown,

Have constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of seasonable

Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Groceries,

and a general variety of NOTIONS, &c.—Their stock consists of almost every article usually kept in a retail store, all of which have been selected with care and are offered at prices which cannot fail to prove satisfactory. Call and examine for yourselves.
Feb. 28, 1867.-tf. $5*

HARVEY CHILDS. . . . LOWRIE CHILDS.
W. C. MURPHEY.

H. CHILDS & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS, SHOES, AND SOLE LEATHER,
133 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agents for the sale of "Hope Mill" Cotton Yarn, Bags, Batting and Carpet Chain.
Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

JOHN GAY. . . . . WM. WELSH.

GAY & WELSH,
Successors to Gay & Painter,
WHOLESALE
Grocers and Commission Merchants
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, PRODUCE, FISH, SALT, CARBON OILS, &c., &c.,
Corner Penn and Canal Sts., opposite Grain Elevator. [feb28] *Pittsburgh, Pa.*

R. J. LLOYD,

SUCCESSOR to R. S. BUNN, Dealer in DRUGS, MEDICINES AND PAINTS. Store on Main street, opposite the "Mansion House," Ebensburg, Pa. Jan. 31, '67.tf.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. L. PERSHING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.* Office on Franklin street, up-stairs, over John Benton's Hardware Store. Jan. 31, 1867.

JAMES C. EASLY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.* Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Jan. 31, 1867.

H. KINKEAD, *Justice of the Peace and Claim Agent.*—Office removed to the office formerly occupied by M. Hasson, Esq., dec'd, on High St., Ebensburg. j31.

W. H. SECHLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.* Office in the Commissioners' Room, Court House. Jan. 31, '67-tf.

F. P. TIERNEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row.
Jan. 5, 1867-tf.

JOSEPH M'DONALD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Centre street, opposite Moore's Hotel. [Jan. 31, 1867-tf

JOHN FENLON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg Pa.*—Office on High street, adjoining his residence. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

GEORGE M. REED,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Main street, three doors East of Julian. Jan. 31, 1867.

GEORGE W. OATMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.
January 31, 1867.-tf.

WILLIAM KITTELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.
Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

F. A. SHOEMAKER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on High street, one door East of the Banking House of Lloyd & Co.
January 31, 1867.-tf.

R. L. JOHNSTON, J. R. SCANLAN.
JOHNSTON & SCANLAN,
Attorneys at Law,
Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.
Office opposite the Court House.
Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN P. LINTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second floor. Entrance on Franklin street.
Johnstown, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

D. M'LAUGHLIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in the Exchange building, on the Corner of Clinton and Locust streets—up stairs. Will attend to all business connected with his profession.
Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

S. BELFORD, DENTIST,
CONTINUES to visit Ebensburg personally on the 4th Monday of each month.—During his absence Lewis N. Snyder, who studied with the Doctor, will remain in the office and attend to all business entrusted to him. Jan31,'67.

BANK NOTICES.

WM. M. LLOYD, *President.* D. T. CALDWELL, *Cashier.*

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF ALTOONA.
GOVERNMENT AGENCY
AND
DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES.
Corner Virginia and Annie Streets, North Ward, Altoona, Pa.

Authorized Capital, - - - - - $300,000
Cash Capital paid in, - - - - - 150,000

All business pertaining to Banking done on favorable terms
Internal Revenue Stamps of all denominations, always on hand.
To purchasers of Stamps, percentage, in stamps, will be allowed, as follows:
$50 to $100, 2 per cent.; $100 to $200, 3 per cent.; $200 and upwards, 4 per cent.
Jan. 31, 1867-tf.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF JOHNSTOWN, CAMBRIA CO., PA.
Capital, $60,000.—Privilege to Increase to $100,000.

Inland and Foreign Drafts furnished.
Gold and Silver bought and sold.
Collections made, at home and abroad.
U. S. Bonds and Securities of all kind obtained.
Deposits received and money loaned.
A general Banking business transacted.

DIRECTORS.
D. J. Morrell, | George Fritz,
Isaac Kauffman, | John Dibert,
Jacob M. Campbell, | E. Y. Townsend,
Jacob Levergood.
D. J. MORRELL, *Pres't.*
H. J. ROBERTS, *Cashier.* jan31'67.

LLOYD & CO., Bankers,
EBENSBURG, PA.

Gold, Silver, Government Loans, and other Securities, bought and sold. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States, and a general Banking business transacted.
January 31, 1867.

W. M. LLOYD & CO.,
BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA.

Drafts on the principal cities and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made.—Moneys received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates. jan31.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHAIR MANUFACTORY.
WM. P. PATTON,
JOHNSTOWN PA.
ALL KINDS OF CHAIRS,
such as common Winsor Chairs, Fret Back Chairs, Vienna Chairs, Bustle Chairs, Rim Backed Chairs, Sociable Chairs,
Cane Seat Chairs,
ROCKING CHAIRS, OF EVERY SIZE
SPRING SEAT CHAIRS
Settees, Lounges, &c., &c.
CABINET FURNITURE
of every description and of latest *STYLES, WITH PRICES TO SUIT THE*
Tastes of all.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a liberal share of public patronage. Clinton Street, Johnstown Cambria Co. Pa. [Jan. 31, 1867.

EBENSBURG LITERARY DEPOT!
JAMES MURRAY,
DEALER IN
BOOKS, STATIONERY, CIGARS, TOBACCO, PERFUMERY, FANOY-SOAPS, &c., &c.,
In the Room formerly occupied by Dr. Lemon as a Drug Store,
MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG,

Keeps Blank Books, Envelopes, Paper, Pens, Ink, Pocket Books, Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Prayer and Toy Books, &c. ☞ Stationery and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. [feb21tf.

FOREIGN SHIPPING
AND
EXCHANGE OFFICE.

We are now selling Exchange (at New York Rates on

England,	Ireland,	Scotland,
Wales,	Germany,	Prussia,
Austria,	Bavaria,	Wurtemberg,
Baden,	Hessen,	Saxony,
Hanover,	Belgium,	Switzerland,
Holland,	Norway and	France.

And Tickets to and from any Port in

England,	Ireland,	Scotland,
Germany,	France,	California,
New South Wales or		Australia.

KERR & CO.

JOHN HICKEY, ALTOONA PA.,
Dealer in all kinds
Household Furniture!
SUCH AS
LOUNGES, SOFAS, | TABLES, BUREAUS, | BEDSTEADS WHAT-NOTS
CUSHIONED, CANE-BOTTOMED AND COMMON CHAIRS, &c.
NEW FURNITURE WAREROOM,
JULIA STREET, NEAR HARRIET,
Opposite the Protestant Episcopal Church,
March 7, 1867.-1y. EAST ALTOONA.

Lime for Sale.

THE undersigned is prepared to ship Lime from Lilly Station, or No. 4, on the Pennsylvania Railroad to Ebensburg, Johnstown, or any other point on the Penna. R. R., or its branches.
Address, WM. TILEY,
Jan31,-tf Hemlock, Cambria co., P

WHOLESALE
JANNEY & ANDREWS,
123 Market St.
PHILADA.
GROCERS

MARBLE WORKS.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED!
—AT THE—
JOHNSTOWN MARBLE WORKS!

The subscriber has just received a large and handsome invoice of Italian and American
MARBLE,
comprising the largest and finest stock of the kind ever brought to Johnstown, at his establishment on Franklin Street, where he is prepared, with an adequate force of experienced and skilful workmen, to execute all kinds of MONUMENTS, Mantels, Tombstones, Table and Bureau Tops, &c., as cheap as they can be purchased in any of the cities.

A large stock of GRINDSTONES on hand and for sale low.

A room has been opened in Ebensburg, a few doors west of Dr. S. S. Christy's Drug Store, where articles of my manufacture are kept constantly on hand, to which the attention of purchasers is invited.

☞ Prompt attention paid to orders from a distance and work delivered where desired. JOHN PARKE.

LORETTO
MARBLE WORKS.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs leave to inform the citizens of Cambria and adjoining counties, that he has just received a stock of the finest *Italian and other Marbles* at *his Establishment* in *Loretto Cambria co., Pa.*,

Monuments, Tombs, Grave Stones, Table and Bureau tops, manufactured of the most beautiful and finest quality of Foreign and Domestic marble, always on hand and made to order as cheap as they can be purchased in the city, in a neat and workmanlike manner, and on the shortest notice.

The public are respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am confident that my work and prices will satisfy any person desiring any thing in my line of business.

Now is the time to get a cheap job!
JAMES WILKINSON.

MEDICAL PREPARATIONS.

POLAND'S
Magic Billous Powders.

This Preparation is the discovery of Rev. J. W. POLAND, formerly Pastor of the Baptist Church in Goffstown, N. H.—a man dearly beloved by that denomination throughout N. England. He was obliged to leave the pulpit and study medicine to save his own life, and his MAGIC POWDERS are one of the most wonderful discoveries of modern times. It is the GREAT LIVER and BILIOUS REMEDY, which completely throws in the shade all other discoveries in medicine; and it affords him much gratification that they receive the unanimous approbation of all who have tested them. The Magic Bilious Powders are a POSITIVE CURE FOR LIVER COMPLAINT in its most aggravated form, and an immediate corrector of all BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS. Excellent for *Headache, Constipation, Pimples, Blotches, Sallow Skin, Drowsiness, Dizziness, Palpitation, Heartburn*, and a most wonderful Cure and Preventative of Fever & Ague

(We advise all who are troubled with this fearful malady to always keep the Powders on hand ready for immediate use.)

Here are a few important particulars:—1st. They are the great specific for Bilious Affections. 2d. They are the only known remedies that will cure Liver Complaint.—3d. They are the only known remedy that will cure Constipation. 4th. The Powders are so thorough in their operation that one package will be all that the majority of those using them will require to effect a cure. 5th. They are a mild and pleasant yet the most effectual cathartic known. 6th. They are the cheapest and best medicine extant, as they can be sent by mail to any part of the globe for the price, 50 cents.

Circulars, containing certificates, information, etc., sent to any part of the world free of charge. ☞ Sold by all Druggists, or by mail on application to
C. G. CLARK & CO., Gen'l Agents,
Price, 50 Cts. per Box. NEW HAVEN, Ct

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!!

This great remedy for all DISEASES OF THE STOMACH is the discovery of the inventor of Coe's valuable Cough Balsam, while experimenting for his own health. It cured Cramp in the Stomach for him which had before yielded to nothing but choloform.

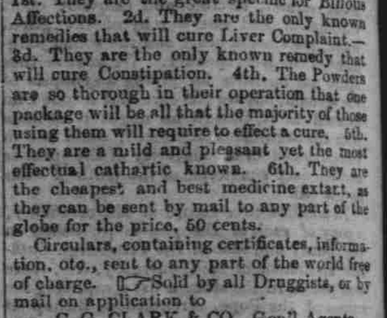
The almost daily testimony from various parts of the country encourage us to believe there is no disease caused by a disordered stomach it will not speedily cure. Physicians endorse and use it. Ministers give testimony of its efficacy; and from all directions we receive tidings of cures performed.

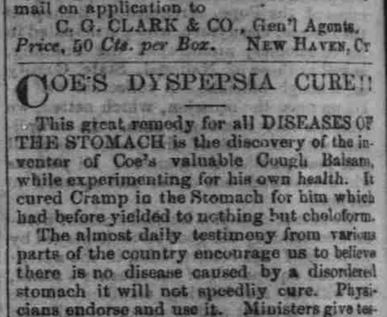
Dyspepsia it is sure to cure. *Heartburn* one dose will cure. *Sick Headache* it has cured in hundreds of cases. *Headache and Dizziness* it stops in thirty minutes. *Acidity of the Stomach* it corrects at once. *Rising of the Food* it stops immediately. *Distress after Eating* one dose will remove. *Cholera Morbus* rapidly yields to a few doses. *Bad Breath* will be changed with half a bottle.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS!

Its unprecedented success is owing to the fact that it cures by assisting Nature to re-assert her sway in the system.

Nearly every dealer in the United States sells it at ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors.
March 14.-eowly. New Haven, Conn.




A Remedy
FOR THE
PILES.
Dr. STRICKLAND'S Pile
Remedy is, without doubt, the
only preparation known which
will cure obstinate cases of Blind and
Bleeding Piles. The Doctor has thou-
sands of letters to prove this assertion—many
of them very extraordinary cures, one of which,
that of Mr. Rocke
also, having suffered for many years with the Piles were
THE MISERABLE MADE HAPP

CARD TO INVALIDS.—A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge. Address,*
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, New York City.
March 28, 1867.-3m.*

ROBERT E. JONES,
Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.,
Dealer in Lumber. The highest price in *Cash*, paid for CHERRY, POPLAR, ASH and LIND LUMBER.

ANY PERSON intending to build a House or Barn, can buy Nails and Hardware cheap by paying cash at
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

COOKING, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES, *at Cost, for Cash*, from now until the 1st of May, at
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

SUGAR KETTLES AND SUGAR PANS, low for cash, at
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.